

**A12.24 EFFECTS OF A TRINOMIAL METAL MIXTURE OF CU, ZN AND Cd ON BIACCUMULATION AND IONOREGULATION IN COMMON CARP, CYPRINUS CARPIO,****THURSDAY 4 JULY, 2019****POSTER SESSION**

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The development of industry, mining activities and agriculture supported an increase of metal pollution in the aquatic system. Therefore wide occurrence of mixtures of metals exists in the aquatic environment. When looking at individual metal exposures, 10% of the LC50 is often considered relatively safe, near the NOEC (No Observed Effect Concentration) or LOEC (lowest Observed Effect Concentration). With this study we try to answer the question: "Can 10% of this LC<sub>50</sub> for Cu, Zn and Cd still be considered as a safe concentration when applied in a mixture?" Common carp were exposed to a mixture of Cu:4.8µg/L; Cd:2.3µg/L and Zn:206.8µg/L at 20°C for 1 week and we looked at fish survival, bioaccumulation, ionoregulation and metallothionein induction. Our results show a rapid increase in copper and cadmium in gills and liver with adverse effect on ion-homeostasis. A sodium drop was reported in the gills, liver and muscles. The loss in sodium content affected the whole body ionoregulation, while a decrease in potassium levels was only observed in the liver. An increase in the gene expression for H<sup>+</sup>-ATPase and a decreased expression of the Na<sup>+</sup>-channel were observed after 1 day of exposure. Why hypothesis is that this increase in H<sup>+</sup>-ATPase and the subsequent recovery of the Na<sup>+</sup>-channel expression rates are an attempt to compensate for the reduced Na<sup>+</sup> uptake due to competition between copper and sodium at the uptake site. In addition a strong stimulation of metallothionein gene expression was reported during the whole experiment.