# Media Monitoring

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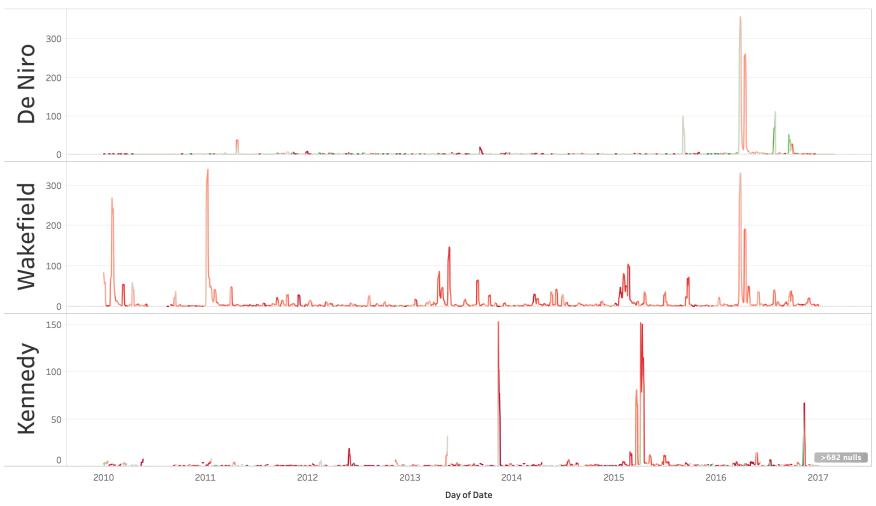


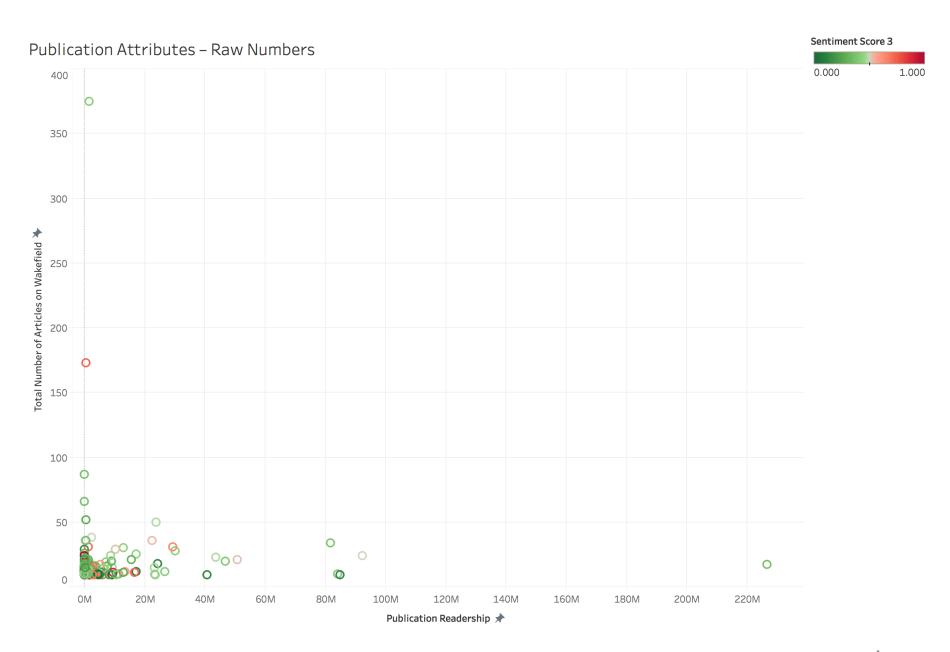
### Media Monitoring

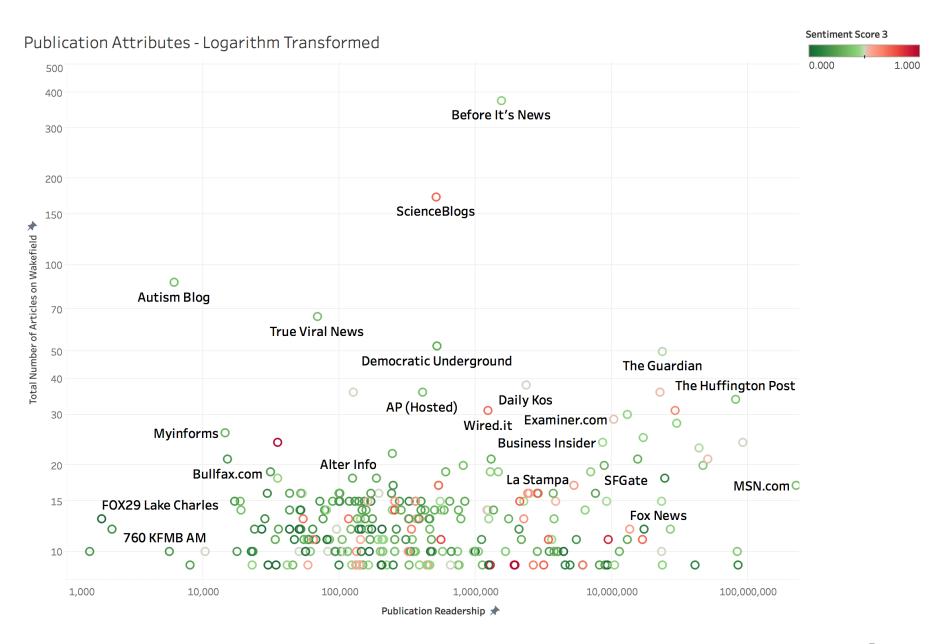
- News media: What are journalists reporting? What are the public reading?
- Social media: What are users sharing/reading?
- Events and perceptions
- Uses:
  - Event detection: Seize opportunities to jump on a trending topic
  - Response calibration: Worth refuting or not?
  - Impact evaluation: Analyze the effectiveness of a campaign over time
  - Network analysis: Potential basis for audience segmentation

## Monitoring & Detection

Comparing Levels of Coverage Over Time







### WAKEFIELD \_\_\_\_\_

VACCINE 54,403 ARTICLES AUTISM 51,332 ARTICLES

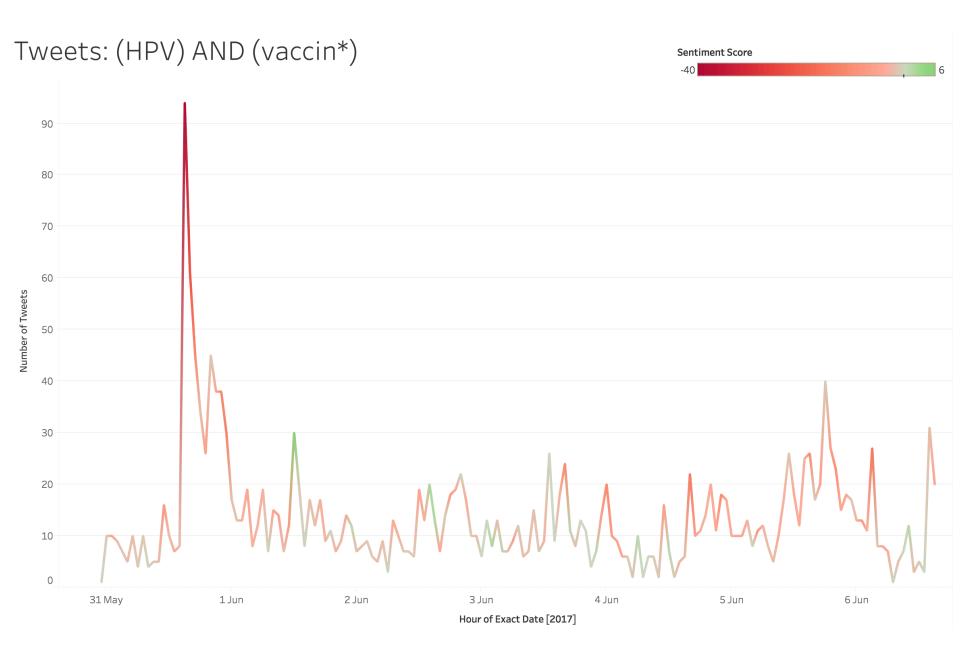
- VACCINE 54,403 ARTICLES
- AUTISM 51,332 ARTICLES
- WAKEFIELD 515 ARTICLES
- VACCINE & AUTISM NOT WAKEFIELD 1,035 ARTICLES
- VACCINE & WAKEFIELD NOT AUTISM 350 ARTICLES
- AUTISM & WAKEFIELD NOT VACCINE 285 ARTICLES
  - VACCINE & AUTISM & WAKEFIELD 263 ARTICLES

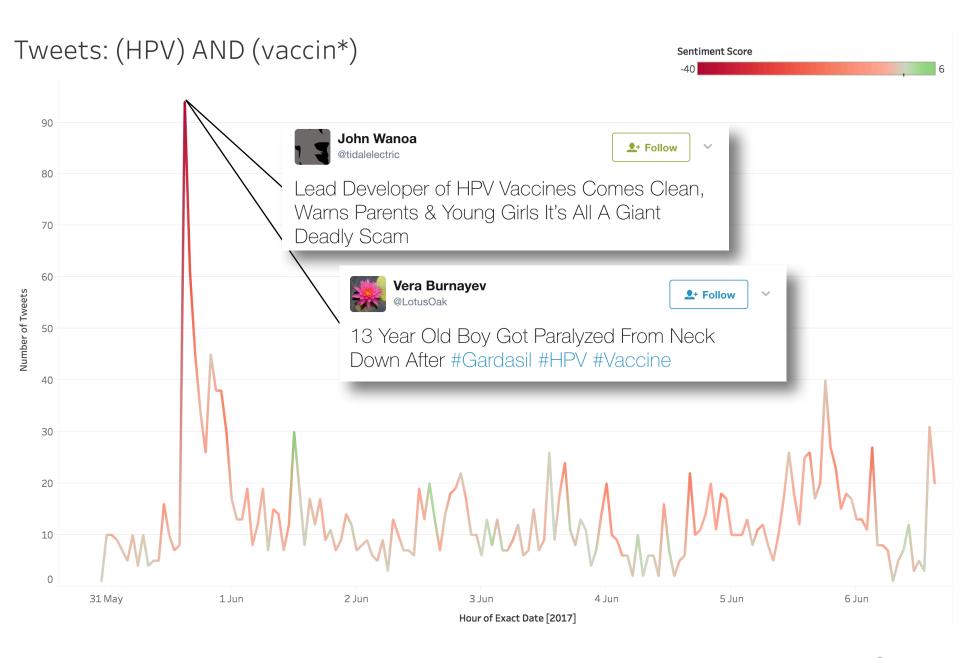
Data source: Meltwater

### Interpretations of Social Media

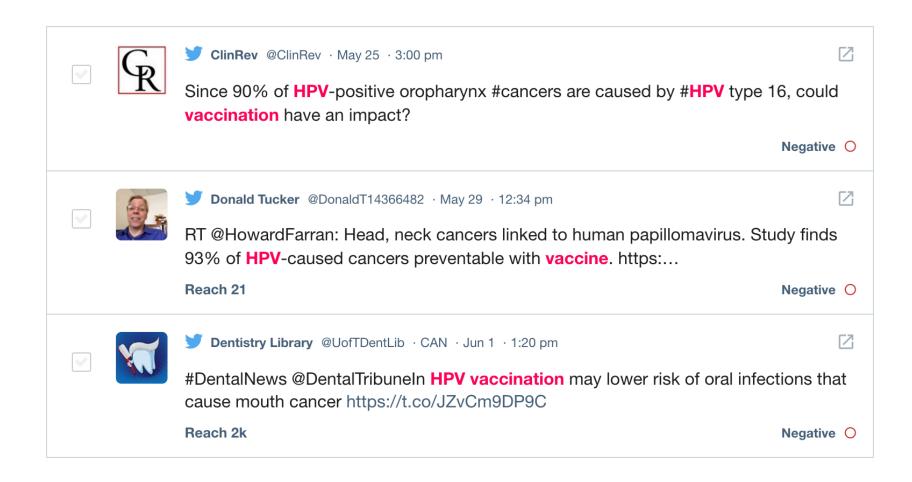


real-world health behaviours





### False Negatives

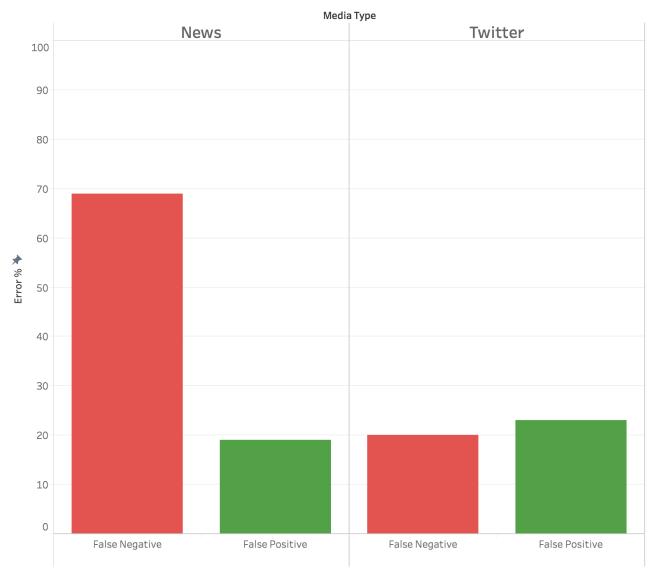


#### False Positives



#### Sentiment Analysis Error Rates





#### Patterns in SA Errors

- False negatives: descriptions of the diseases the vaccine prevents, angry pro-vaccine responses to anti-vaccine messages
- False positives: No obvious pattern

### What to do with this information?

- Keep an ear to the ground, detect issues sooner, respond faster and smarter
- Contextualise the issue we're studying
- Segment audience based on observed groupings
- Intervene directly online? Risk-benefit ratio probably unfavourable.

### Thank You