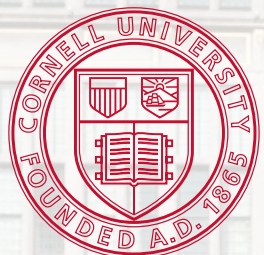




Hamiltonian group actions and fixed points

Mantra: act globally, compute locally

Poisson 2026
Summer School
3-7 August 2026



Tara S. Holm
Cornell University



SIM **NS**
FOUNDATION

Outline - Lectures 1 & 2

- Symplectic geometry (with lots of examples)
- Group actions & fixed points (with lots of examples)
- Localization (with lots of examples)
- Symplectic reduction (how to take a quotient)
(with lots of examples)

The momentum map

DEF: Suppose $G \curvearrowright (M, \omega)$. We say the action is **Hamiltonian** if

$$\omega(\mathcal{X}_\xi, \cdot) = d\phi^\xi \quad \forall \xi \in \mathfrak{g}$$

DEF: Combining these for all $\xi \in \mathfrak{g}$, we define the **momentum map**

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \Phi : M & \rightarrow & \mathfrak{g}^* \\ p & \mapsto & \left(\begin{array}{ccc} \mathfrak{g} & \longrightarrow & \mathbb{R} \\ \xi & \mapsto & \phi^\xi(p) \end{array} \right). \end{array}$$

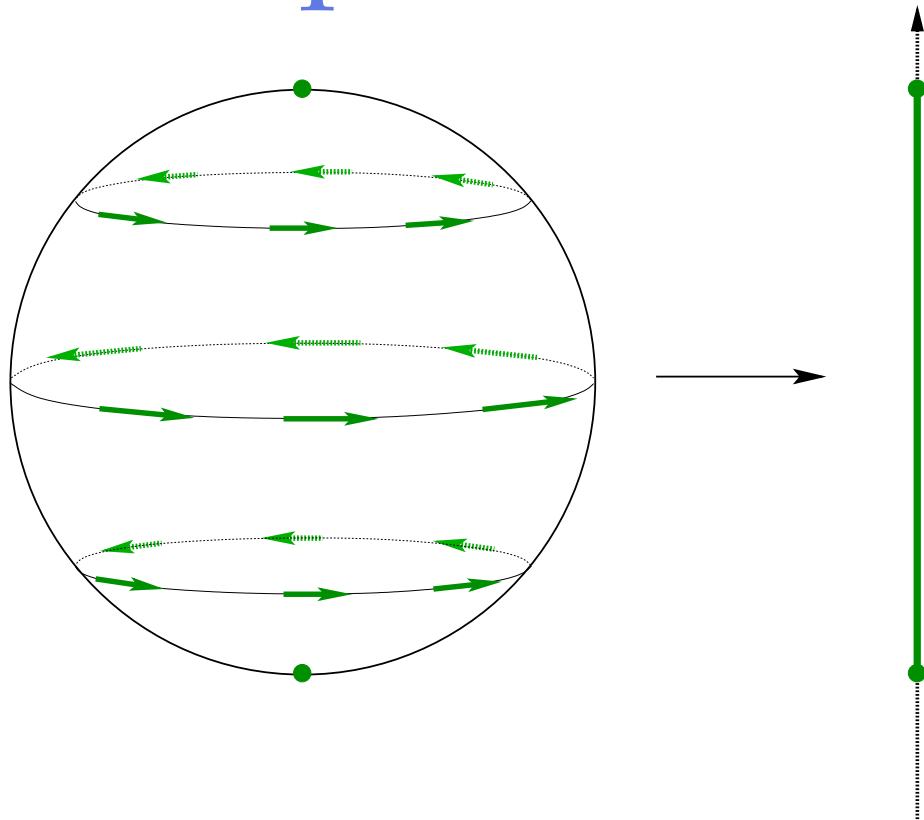
Convexity Theorem [Atiyah, Guillemin-Sternberg]:

If $T = (S^1)^d \curvearrowright (M, \omega)$ is Hamiltonian, $\Phi(M)$ is a convex polytope.

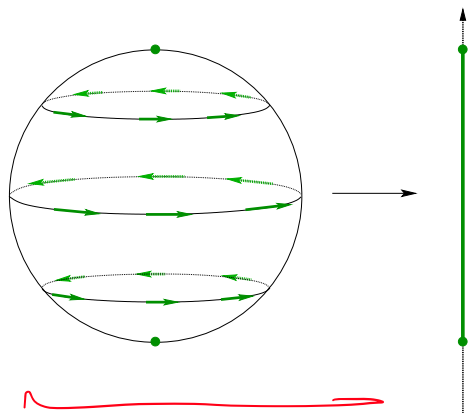
$$\Phi(M) = \text{Conv}(\Phi(M^T)).$$

compact
or ...

Examples



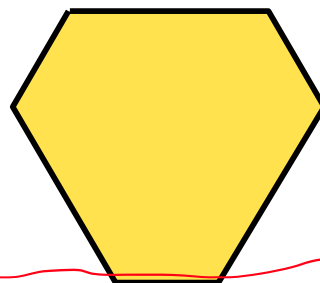
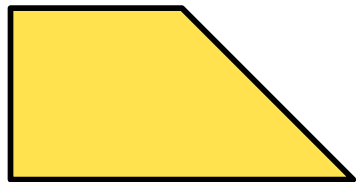
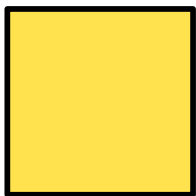
Examples



$\mathcal{P}ol_3(a_1, \dots, a_5)$

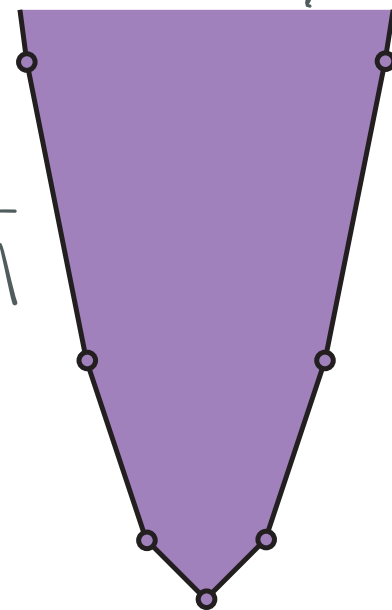


$\mathbb{CP}^1 \times \mathbb{CP}^1$

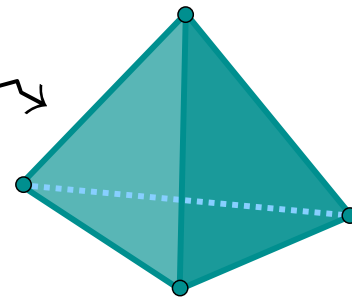


$\Omega SU(2)$

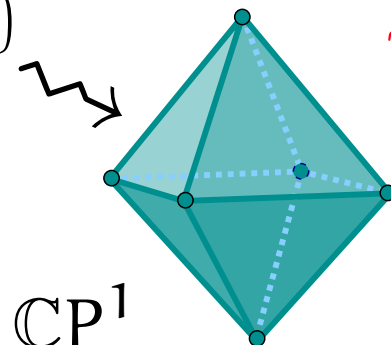
Pressley
Segal



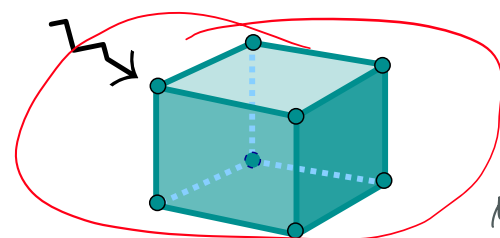
$\mathbb{CP}^3$



$Gr(2, \mathbb{C}^4)$



$\mathbb{CP}^1 \times \mathbb{CP}^1 \times \mathbb{CP}^1$



Localization

A **localization phenomenon** is a global feature of $T\mathbb{C}M$ that can be described by the evidence of that feature at the T -fixed points.

Convexity Theorem [Atiyah,Guillemin-Sternberg]:

If $T = (S^1)^d \mathbb{C}(M, \omega)$ is Hamiltonian, $\Phi(M)$ is a convex polytope.

$$\Phi(M) = \text{Conv}(\Phi(M^T)).$$

There are non-abelian
versions...

In terms of topology, we use localization to make global equivariant computations in terms of local computations at fixed points.

Morse theory and cohomology

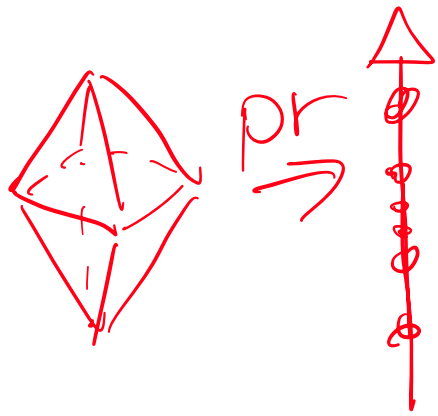
DEF: Suppose $G \curvearrowright (M, \omega)$. We say the action is **Hamiltonian** if

$$\omega(\mathcal{X}_\xi, \cdot) = d\phi^\xi \quad \forall \xi \in \mathfrak{g}$$

Morse theory of the moment map [Atiyah]:

ϕ^ξ is a Morse fcn in the sense of Bott

$$\text{Crit}(\phi^\xi) = M^T$$



For a critical submfd $X \subset M^T$,

$\text{Index}(X) := \nu(X \subset M')$
is always even!

Morse theory and cohomology

DEF: Suppose $G \curvearrowright (M, \omega)$. We say the action is **Hamiltonian** if

$$\omega(\mathcal{X}_\xi, \cdot) = d\phi^\xi \quad \forall \xi \in \mathfrak{g}$$

Morse theory of the moment map [Atiyah]:

$$\phi^\xi: M \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \quad \text{Morse-Bott}$$

Crit sets always even index

ϕ^ξ is perfect:

$$H^i(M; \mathbb{R}) = \sum_{X \subset \text{MT}} H^{i - \lambda_X}(X; \mathbb{R})$$

$\lambda_X = \text{even index of } X \Rightarrow \text{Compute Betti Hs,}$

Morse theory and cohomology

DEF: Suppose $G \curvearrowright (M, \omega)$. We say the action is **Hamiltonian** if

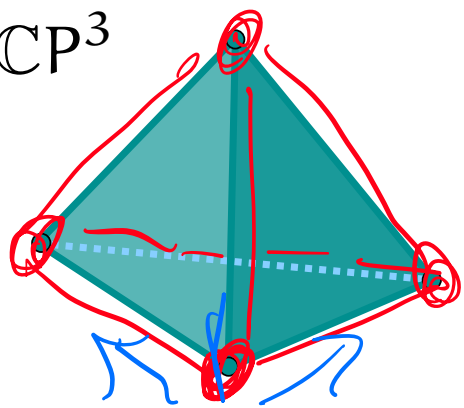
$$\omega(\mathcal{X}_\xi, \cdot) = d\phi^\xi \quad \forall \xi \in \mathfrak{g}$$

Morse theory of the moment map [Atiyah]:

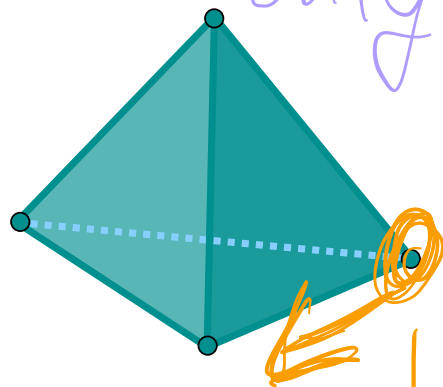
Examples

These have cohomology only in even deg.

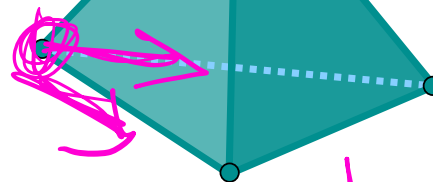
$\mathbb{CP}^3$



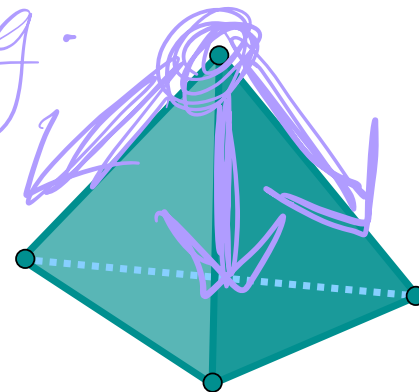
index = 0



index 2



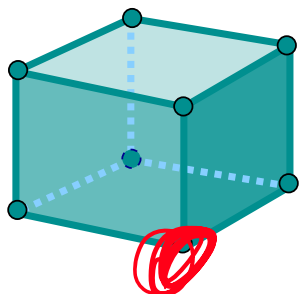
index 4



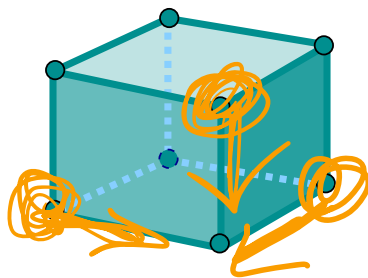
index 6
 $i=0,2,4,6$
 o/w.

$$\beta_i = \begin{cases} 1 \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

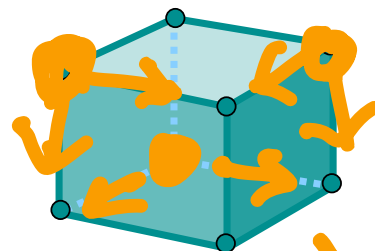
$\mathbb{CP}^1 \times \mathbb{CP}^1 \times \mathbb{CP}^1$



index 0

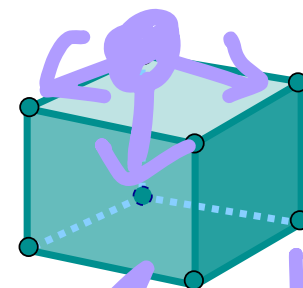


3 index 2



3 index 4

$$\beta_i = \begin{cases} 1 \\ 0 \end{cases}$$



1 index 6

Equivariant cohomology

Equivariant cohomology is a generalized cohomology theory in the equivariant category.

For $G = T = (S^1 \times \dots \times S^1)^n$
 $T \curvearrowright \underbrace{S^{2\infty-1} \times \dots \times S^{2\infty-1}}_{\cap \mathbb{C}^\infty}$ freely
 $ET \cong \cap \mathbb{C}^\infty$
 This sphere is contractible!

$$H_T^\star(X) := H^\star(X \times ET / T)$$

Equivariant cohomology

Equivariant cohomology is a generalized cohomology theory in the equivariant category.

 Functor $\mathcal{S}paces \longrightarrow \mathcal{R}ings$

Equivariant cohomology

Equivariant cohomology is a generalized cohomology theory in the equivariant category.



 Functor Spaces $\longrightarrow$ Rings

$$G \curvearrowright M \rightsquigarrow H_G^*(M; \mathbb{Z}) \text{ or } H_G^*(M; \mathbb{R})$$

$$f: M \rightarrow N \implies f^*: H_G^*(N) \rightarrow H_G^*(M)$$

equiv.
Mayer-Vietoris for invariant subsets
Et cetera

Equivariant cohomology

Equivariant cohomology is a **generalized** cohomology theory in the equivariant category.

● Functor $\text{Spaces} \longrightarrow \text{Rings}$

● Equivariant cohomology of a point is not $\mathbb{Z}$

$$H_{+}^{\star}(\text{pt}) = H_{+}^{\star}(\text{pt} \times ET / T)$$

$$= H^{\star}(\mathbb{CP}^{\infty} \times \cdots \times \mathbb{CP}^{\infty})$$

$$\deg x_i = 2$$

$$= \mathbb{Z}[x_1, \dots, x_n]$$

Equivariant cohomology

Equivariant cohomology is a generalized cohomology theory in the equivariant category.

• Functor $\text{Spaces} \longrightarrow \text{Rings}$

• Equivariant cohomology of a point is not $\mathbb{Z}$

$$T = T^d = S^1 \times \cdots \times S^1 \rightsquigarrow$$

$$H_T^*(\text{pt}; \mathbb{Z}) = \mathbb{Z}[x_1, \dots, x_d]$$

$$\deg(x_i) = 2$$

Equivariant cohomology

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- Functor $\text{Spaces} \longrightarrow \text{Rings}$

- Equivariant cohomology of a point is not $\mathbb{Z}$

- Spaces, maps should be equivariant

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$$G \curvearrowright M \rightsquigarrow H_G^*(M; \mathbb{Z}) \text{ or } H_G^*(M; \mathbb{R})$$

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Mayer-Vietoris

Et cetera

Equivariant cohomology

Equivariant cohomology is a generalized cohomology theory in the equivariant category.

- Functor $\text{Spaces} \longrightarrow \text{Rings}$
- Equivariant cohomology of a point is not $\mathbb{Z}$
- Spaces, maps should be equivariant
- If $G \curvearrowright M$ is a free action, then $H_G^*(M) = H^*(M/G)$

$$\begin{aligned} H_G^*(M) &= H^*(M \times EG / G) \\ &= H^*(M/G \times EG) \end{aligned}$$

Equivariant cohomology

Equivariant cohomology is a generalized cohomology theory in the equivariant category.

- Functor $\text{Spaces} \longrightarrow \text{Rings}$
- Equivariant cohomology of a point is not $\mathbb{Z}$
- Spaces, maps should be equivariant
- If $G \curvearrowright M$ is a free action, then $H_G^*(M) = H^*(M/G)$

- For Hamiltonian actions on compact manifolds,

$H_T^*(M; \mathcal{R})$ is a free $H_T^*(pt; \mathcal{R})$ -module

Careful about $\mathcal{R} \dots$

$\mathcal{R}[x_1, \dots, x_n]$

Cohomological Localization

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 M^T \hookrightarrow M & \rightsquigarrow & H_T^*(M; R) & \longrightarrow & H_T^*(M^T; R) \\
 \uparrow & & & & \uparrow \\
 \text{if isolated} & \searrow & & & \underbrace{\bigoplus R[x_1, \dots, x_n]}
 \end{array}$$

Cohomological Localization

$$M^T \hookrightarrow M \rightsquigarrow H_T^*(M; \mathbb{R}) \longrightarrow H_T^*(M^T; \mathbb{R})$$

Theorem [Frankel; Atiyah; Kirwan]:

If $T\mathbb{C}M$ is a compact Hamiltonian T -manifold, then

$$\underline{H_T^*(M; \mathbb{Q})} \longrightarrow \underline{H_T^*(M^T; \mathbb{Q})}$$

is an injection.

$$\bigoplus_{p \in M^T} \mathbb{Q} [x_1, \dots, x_n]$$

$\Rightarrow$ Can find $H_T^*(M)$

as a subring

Cohomological Localization

$$M^T \hookrightarrow M \rightsquigarrow H_T^*(M; \mathbb{R}) \longrightarrow H_T^*(M^T; \mathbb{R})$$

Theorem [Frankel; Atiyah; Kirwan]:

If $T\mathbb{C}M$ is a compact Hamiltonian T -manifold, then

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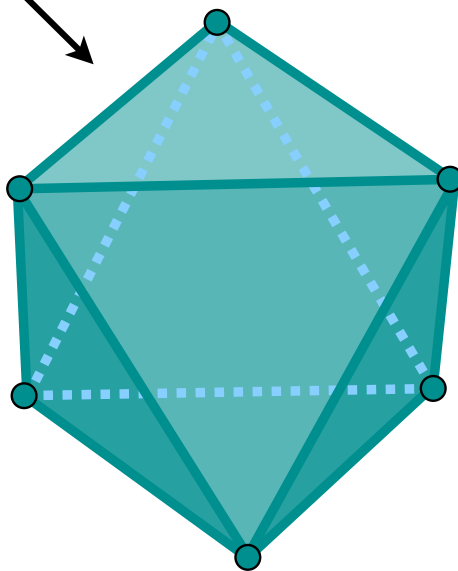
is an injection. (The statement sometimes holds over $\mathbb{Z}$.)

Key step: understand
equivariant Euler classes

Example

$$T^3 \mathbb{C} \text{Gr}(2, \mathbb{C}^4) \rightsquigarrow H_T^*(\text{Gr}(2, \mathbb{C}^4); \mathbb{Z}) \subseteq \bigoplus_{i=1}^6 \mathbb{Z}[x, y, z]$$

Φ



Example

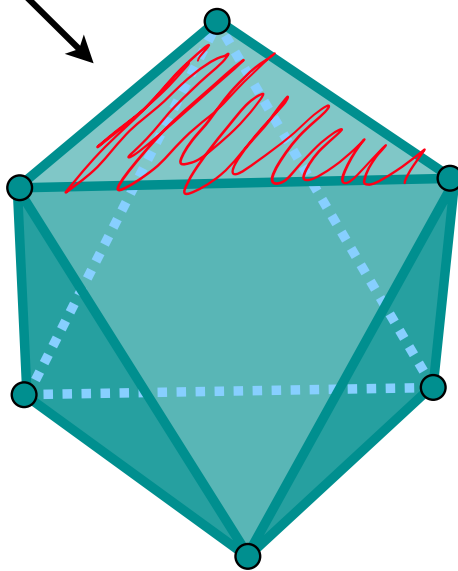
$$T^3 \mathbb{C} \text{Gr}(2, \mathbb{C}^4) \rightsquigarrow H_T^*(\text{Gr}(2, \mathbb{C}^4); \mathbb{Z}) \subseteq \bigoplus_{i=1}^6 \mathbb{Z}[x, y, z]$$

$$\Psi$$

$$\alpha = [\mathbb{P}^2]_{e_1}$$

*V in $\mathbb{C}^4$ that
contain e_1*

Φ



Example

$$T^3 \mathbb{C} \curvearrowright \mathcal{G}r(2, \mathbb{C}^4) \rightsquigarrow H_T^*(\mathcal{G}r(2, \mathbb{C}^4); \mathbb{Z}) \subseteq \bigoplus_{i=1}^6 \mathbb{Z}[x, y, z]$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \Psi \\ \alpha = [\mathbb{P}^2] \end{array}$$

 Φ

$$(z+x)(z+y)$$

$$(x+y)(x+z)$$

$$(y+x)(y+z)$$

$$(1, 0, 0)$$

$$(0, 1, 0)$$

0

0

0

Equivariant cohomology

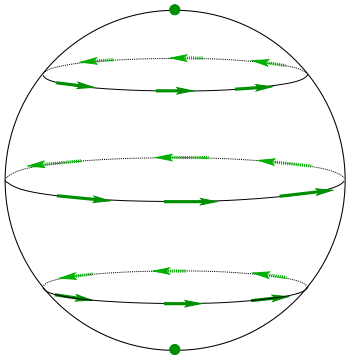
$$M^T \hookrightarrow M \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad H_T^*(M; \mathbb{R}) \longrightarrow H_T^*(M^T; \mathbb{R})$$

1. M. Goresky, R. Kottwitz, and R. MacPherson, “Equivariant cohomology, Koszul duality, and the localization theorem.” *Invent. Math.* **131** (1998), no. 1, 25–83.

Equivariant cohomology

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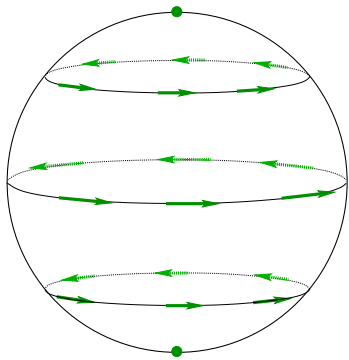


$$\alpha \in H_T^*(M; \mathbb{R}) \implies (\alpha|_N, \alpha|_S) \in \mathbb{R}[\chi] \oplus \mathbb{R}[\chi]$$

Equivariant cohomology

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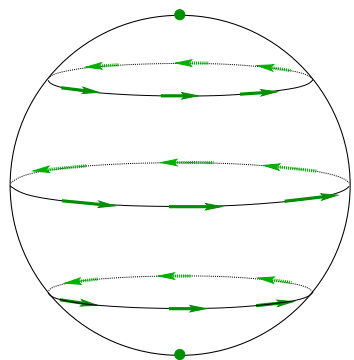
$$\alpha \in H_T^*(M; \mathbb{R}) \implies (\alpha|_N, \alpha|_S) \in \mathbb{R}[\chi] \oplus \mathbb{R}[\chi]$$

Fact: $(\alpha|_N, \alpha|_S) \in \text{Im} \iff \chi \mid (\alpha|_N - \alpha|_S)$

Equivariant cohomology

$$M^T \hookrightarrow M \rightsquigarrow H_T^*(M; \mathbb{R}) \longrightarrow H_T^*(M^T; \mathbb{R})$$

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$$\alpha \in H_T^*(M; \mathbb{R}) \implies (\alpha|_N, \alpha|_S) \in \mathbb{R}[x] \oplus \mathbb{R}[x]$$

Fact: $(\alpha|_N, \alpha|_S) \in \text{Im} \iff x \mid (\alpha|_N - \alpha|_S)$

GKM Theorem: Suppose that

- (a) M^T consists of isolated points; and
- (b) M^S consists of isolated points and S^2 s, for each $S \subset T$ of codimension 1.

Weights are lin. indep. pairwise

HOLDS FOR: TVs, Coadj. Orbits, ...

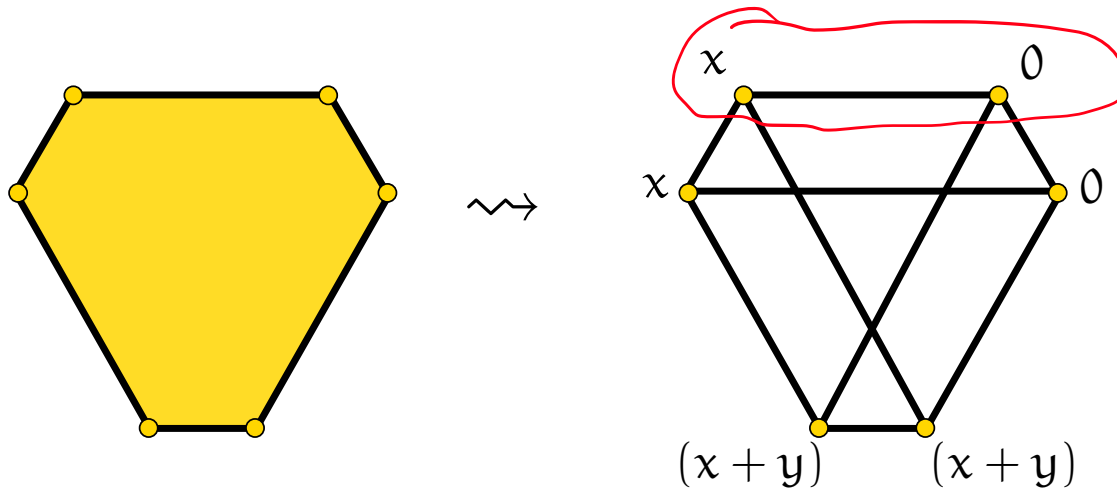
$$\text{Then } H_T^*(M; \mathbb{Q}) \cong \left\{ (f_v) \in \bigoplus_{v \in M^T} \mathbb{Q}[x_1, \dots, x_d] \mid \boxed{\alpha_e} f_v - f_w \text{ for each } S_e^2 \right\}.$$

Equivariant cohomology

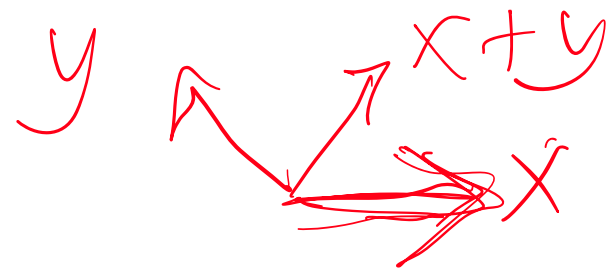
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$$T^3 \hookrightarrow \mathbb{C}^3 \rightsquigarrow T^3 \hookrightarrow \text{Flags}(\mathbb{C}^3)$$



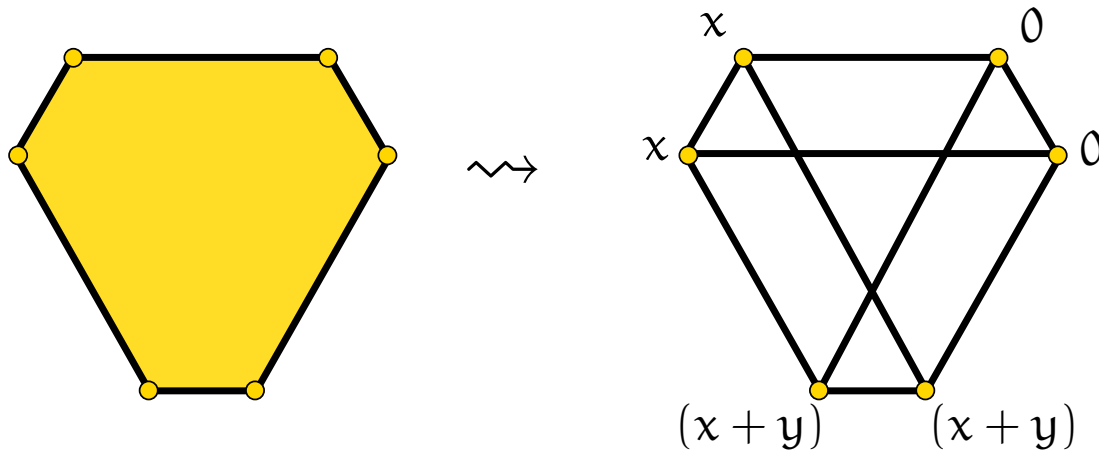
$$\mathbb{R}^2 = \mathbb{R}^3 / \text{Span}(!)$$



Equivariant cohomology

$$M^T \hookrightarrow M \rightsquigarrow H_T^*(M; \mathbb{R}) \longrightarrow H_T^*(M^T; \mathbb{R})$$

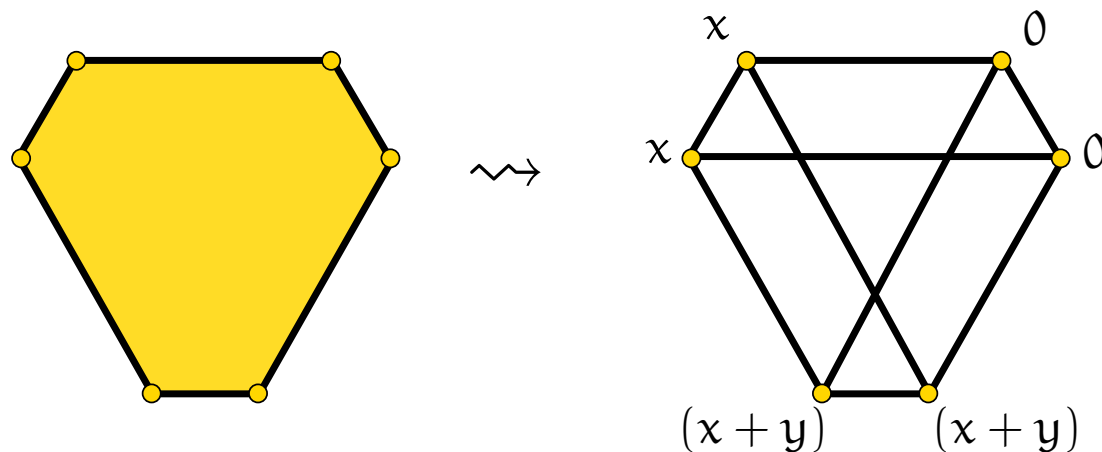
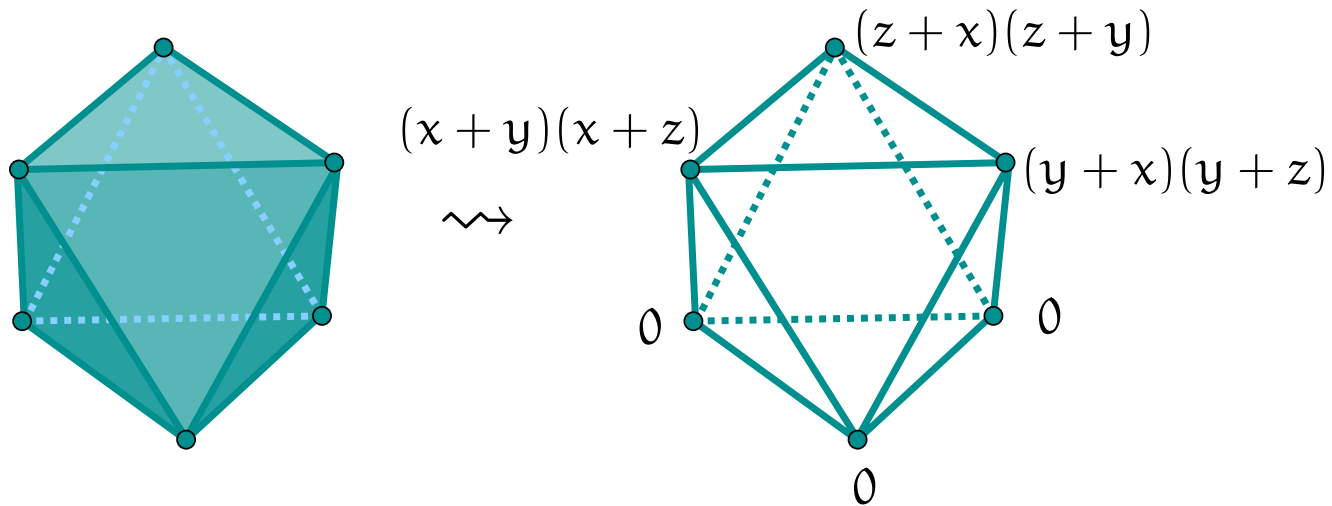
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Equivariant cohomology

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Equivariant cohomology

$$M^T \hookrightarrow M \xrightarrow{\sim} H_T^*(M; \mathbb{R}) \longrightarrow H_T^*(M^T; \mathbb{R})$$

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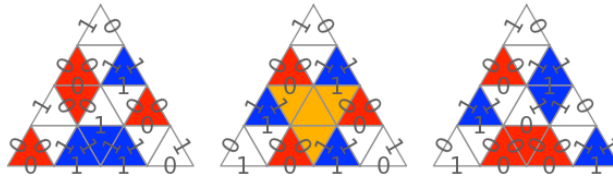
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Further applications & generalizations

- Schubert calculus



Questions:

- Does this lead to better / easier combinatorics?
- How do you program “subrings” rather than “quotients”?

- Quantum invariants and Gromov-Witten theory

Question:

- How do you see quantum corrections in M^T ?

- Torus manifolds (Masuda, Panov, Park)

- Toric origami manifolds (H-Pires)

Questions:

- What happens in the non-simply connected case?
- Can you determine manifolds up to cobordism?

