



Country Meeting

HPV Prevention and Control Landscape and the Way Forward

Warsaw, Poland

23 - 24 November 2023

Organization of prevention and control programs within the Polish healthcare

Prof. Iwona Paradowska-Stankiewicz

National Consultant of Epidemiology

V-ce Head Department of Epidemiology of Infectious Diseases and Surveillance Head of VPD Unit

National Institute of Public Health National Institute of Hygiene – National Research Institute

Warsaw, 23-24 November 2023



The prevention system in Poland

- The Polish state implements its social policy through national programs
- The assumptions of which most often result from declarations and other documents of the United Nations initialed by Poland
- They also result from the documents and strategies of the European Union, which, as a member country, we are obliged to implement
- These programs take into account both the assumptions and priorities of international institutions, as well as the diagnosed problems and needs of the country.

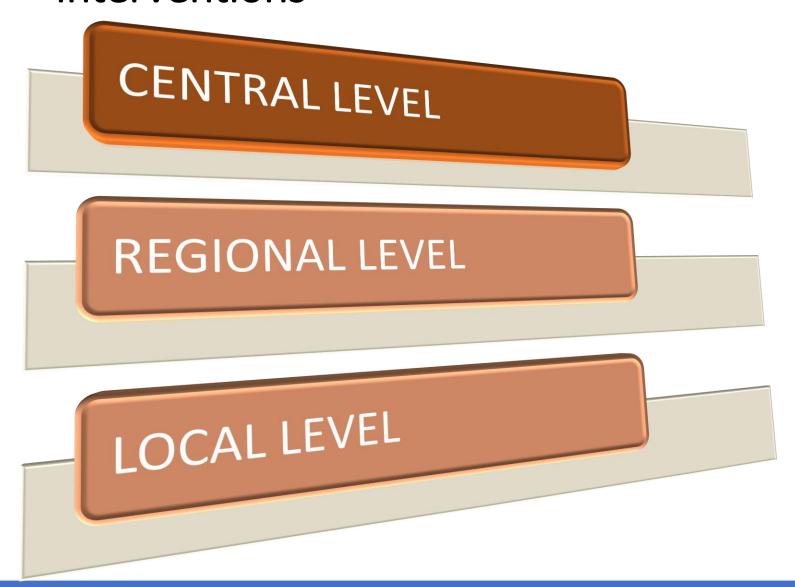


Legal regulations

- The scope of tasks in the area of prevention and health promotion, implementers and sources of financing are indicated in several acts, including: in the Act on Public Health, the Act on Upbringing in Sobriety and Counteracting Alcoholism, the Act on Counteracting Drug Addiction and the Act on Health Protection against the Consequences of Using Tobacco and Tobacco Products.
- They determine the policy towards individual psychoactive substances at the national, regional and local levels, and the tasks indicated therein are taken into account in national prevention programs, the widest of which is the National Health Program.



Principles of functioning of the system of preventive interventions





National level – national prevention programs

Implementation

- Government administration
- Nationwide institutions: the State Agency for Solving Alcohol-related Problems (PARPA), the National Bureau for Counteracting Drug Addiction (KBPN), the Education Development Center (ORE), National AIDS Center, Institute of Psychiatry and Neurology (IPIN), Chief Sanitary Inspectorate (GIS) and others

Financial resources

 The budget structures of ministries indicated in individual acts as entities responsible for the implementation of state social policy



Regional level

- The priorities and activities included in the national programs are included in the voivodeship programs in accordance with the tasks assigned to local government administration at individual levels.
- The types of preventive activities carried out in the voivodeship are specified in the provincial programs: counteracting drug addiction and preventing and solving alcohol problems.



Local level

- Prevention activities at the local level are implemented through municipal programs for preventing and solving alcohol problems and drug addiction prevention programs.
- The source of financing for activities is the commune's own budget and additional funds obtained from fees for the use of permits for retail alcohol sales
- Additionally, communes can apply for funds from other sources: from central offices, marshal's offices, voivodeship offices, poviat offices, funds from EU projects or in the form of donations from private individuals or entrepreneurs.



Local level (2)

At the local level, non-governmental organizations (foundations, associations), specialized care and educational facilities (social therapeutic centers), addiction prevention and therapy clinics, church organizations, self-help groups, and families of addicts are authorized to carry out tasks in the field of addiction prevention in Poland.



- Preventing risky behavior and providing help to students at risk of addiction are also part of the tasks of the education system, in particular the tasks of schools and psychological and pedagogical counseling centers.
- Since 2002, a statutory obligation has been imposed on schools to implement a school program for the prevention of children and youth problems, which in 2017 was combined with the school's educational program into one document: an educational and preventive program.



Ministry of Health and National Health Fund Programs:

- 1. Early detection of breast cancer ultrasound mammography, biopsy
- 2. Cervical cancer prevention cytology, colposcopy
- 3. Prevention of cardiovascular diseases (CHUK)
- 4. Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease prevention of tobacco-related diseases (including COPD)
- 5. Tuberculosis prevention
- 6. Prenatal tests
- 7. Hearing screening tests for newborns
- 8. Test for colon cancer



In the field of infectious diseases

National Vaccination Program since 1960

KALENDARZ SZCZEPIEŃ NA 2023 ROK



Szczepionka przeciw	24h*	6 tygodni	2 miesiąc	3 miesiąc	4 miesiąc	5 miesiąc	6 miesiąc	7 miesiąc	13-15 miesięcy	16-18 miesięcy	6 lat	12-13	14	19**
Gruźlicy	BCG													
Wirusowemu zapaleniu wątroby typu B	HBV		НВУ					НВУ						
Rotawirusom					RV									
Błonicy, tężcowi, krztuścowi			DTP	Dī	ГР	D'	ГР			DTP	DTaP		Tdap	Td
Poliomyelitis				IF	v	IP	v			IPV	IPV			
Hib			Hib	Н	ib	Н	ib			Hib				
Pneumokokom			PCV		PCV				PCV					
Odrze, śwince, różyczce									MMR		MMR			
Grypie							IIV (po u	ıkończeniu	ı 6 m.ż.) lub	LAIV (po u	kończeniu	ı 24 m.ż. do	ukończen	ia 18 lat)
Meningokokom							MenB	i MenAC	WY lub M	lenC				
Ludzkiemu wirusowi brodawczaka													HPV	
Ospie wietrznej											V	zv		
Wirusowemu zapaleniu wątroby typu A											H	AV		
Kleszczowemu zapaleniu mózgu											K	ZM		



National HPV vaccination program

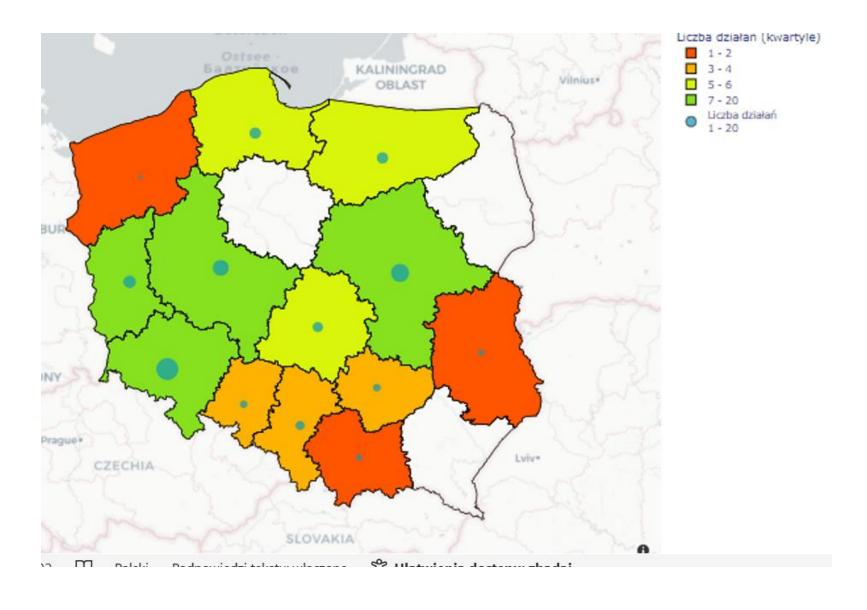
- Start may 2023
- Free of charge for parents
- Two vaccines parents can choose
- Target group: girls and boys in 12-13 y.o.
- Where out patient facilities



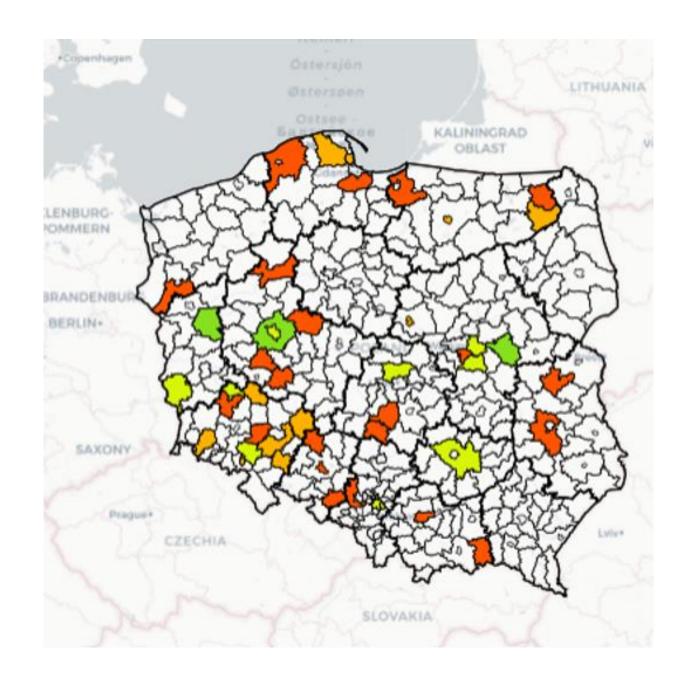
Local government programs, vaccination

- Started in 2009
- Firstly: only for girls
- Age: > 9 y.o.
- Target: 11-12 y.o.

HPV programs, number of activities completed, 2021

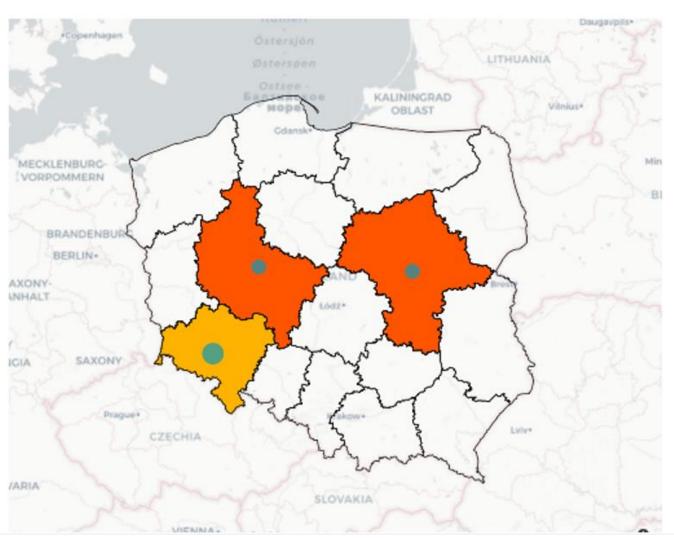


HPV program, number of activities completed, 2021





HPV program, number of activities completed, 2022



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KALININGRAD Source: Profibaza, NIPH NIH CZECHIA

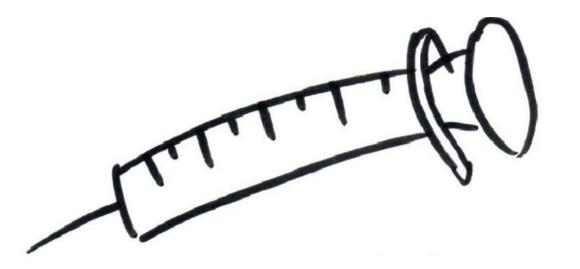
HPV program, number of activities completed, 2022



Summarize:

- preventive programs are an extremely important tool used in the implementation of social policy
- state administration bodies are responsible for shaping and implementing preventive programs throughout the country, providing them with financing
- the initiative of local government units plays a key role in increasing the population's interest in preventive programs
- inter-sectoral cooperation and exchange of experience between countries allow the application of best practices in the implementation of health programs.





Thank you for your attention Dziękuję bardzo za uwagę