





The importance of effective communication and the need for a crisis communication plan

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South Asia Regional Meeting

HPV Prevention and Control Landscape and the way forward.

13^h, 14^h and 15^h - Dec 2022– New Delhi, India.

Ireland

- Country in West of Europe
- Population 5 million
- Main language is English



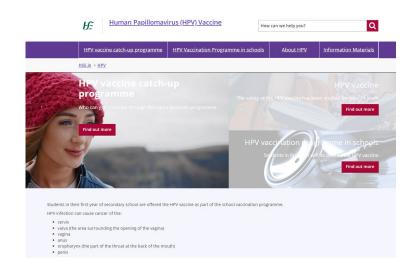






HPV Vaccination Programme

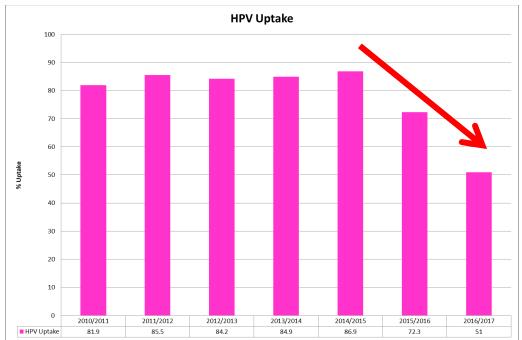
- Started in 2010
- School based programme
- 12-13 year old girls (~30,000)
- Parents sent information leaflet, consent form and contact details for school teams
- Referred to website <u>www.hpv.ie</u> for more information







HPV Vaccine Uptake









What happened?

- Concerned parent groups formed
- Local and national media printed articles raising concerns
 - About vaccine safety
 - That HPV vaccine caused serious side effects
- TV programme aired
- Very active on social media







Free Sourced Information on HPV Vaccine for Parents in Ireland

- Cur mission is to give as much information on the troy vaccine to parents so that they can make an informed consent. We do not ask

Teenager blames HPV jab foll 'night mare' side effects











Identified Stakeholders



CHIC

the HPV IMMUNIZATION

COMMUNITY

and Control Board

Spoke to Parents

- Need more time to make decision about vaccination
 - Send a leaflet to parents the year before vaccination is offered in second level school
 - Delay start of school vaccination programme to give parents more time to research vaccination and give an additional opportunities to join

Vaccines to protect your child HPV, MenACWY and Tdap

Information for parents of children starting secondary school in 2020









Vaccine Safety Net

Member



- Updated <u>www.hpv.ie</u> for better user experience
- Provided information about HPV safety
- WHO accreditation of website









- Held meetings with
 - The Irish Cancer Society
 - National Cancer Control Programme
 - o Cerviva
- Agreed consistent messaging about cervical cancer morbidity and mortality









Held meetings with

- Department of Education
- School bodies including
 - o Principals' associations
 - Teachers' unions
 - National Parents Councils
 - Science Teachers Associations

Provided facts about HPV to teachers and principals

Facts about HPV Vaccine and Cervical Cancer



Published by National Immunisation Office September 2018

Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine protects girls from developing cervical cancer in adulthood Overwhelming scientific evidence has shown that HPV vaccine is safe and effective.

Please read these facts about HPV vaccine and cervical cancer.

Since September 2017 there has been a rapid improvement in HPV vaccine uptake. It is vital that this continues to reduce the number of cases of cervical cancer.

Human papillomavirus (HPV)

- Human papillomavirus (HPV) infection is spread by direct (usually sexual) contact with an infected person.
- About 80% of all women will have a HPV infection in their lifetime, usually in their late teens and early 20s.
- Most HPV infections clear naturally but some caused by high-risk HPV types can progress to cervical cancer.
- Two high-risk HPV types (16 and 18) cause over 70% of cervical cancers.

Cervical cancer

HPV vaccine

- There are three licensed HPV vaccines HPV2, HPV4 and HPV9.
- HPV vaccine is recommended by international and national bodies including
- the World Health Organization
 the International Federation of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists
- the US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
- all 70 US designated National Cancer Centers
 the American Society of Clinical
- Oncology
 the Royal College of Physicians
- of Ireland
- the Irish Cancer Society
- The HPV vaccine used in the H5E school HPV vaccination programme is HPV4 (Gardasil).

Gardasil

* nrovides protection against

Safety of HPV vaccines

- All vaccines must go through extensive safety testing before they are licensed.
- Once in use, vaccine safety is continually monitored to identify side effects caused by the vaccine.
- Any medical 'event' reported after vaccination is analysed to see if it is caused by the vaccine.
- The European Medicines Agency, the US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the World Health Organization continue to say HPV vaccines are safe with no known long-term side effects.

Evidence published by the Cochrane Review (2018) shows that HPV vaccines are safe and protect against cervical precancers.

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Provided training to health professionals

- GP e-learning modules
- ICGP meetings
- RCPI faculty meetings
- Pharmacies
- Factsheets and articles in journals
- Delivered talks at training days
- Held national conferences







- Undertake regular Social Media listening
- Developed Social Media Content
 - O Share partner pack with stakeholders
- Worked with Patient Advocate Laura Brennan
 https://www.rte.ie/player/movie/laura-brennan-this-is-me/102220328261
- Developed FAQs about HPV and update as new information becomes available
- Ask Health Minister and HSE board members to launch HPV campaign

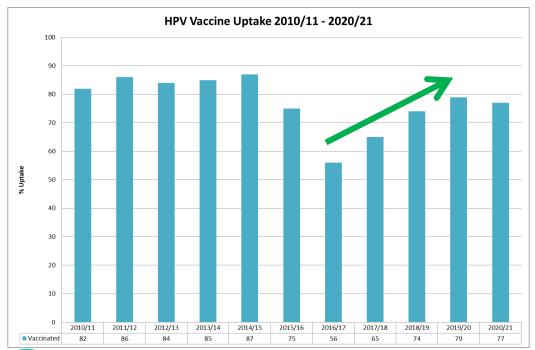








What was the outcome?









What was the outcome?

- Programme gender neutral since 2019
- Over 500,000 vaccinated
- Launched the Laura Brennan HPV Catch Up Vaccination Programme on 8th December 2022
- School Programme continues











Top Tips

- Build relationships with partners now
- Agree messaging and be consistent
- Keep partners up to date
- Learn and adapt
- Be alert!





