

Determination of needle penetration – EN 1426

- ✓ For pen < 330 x 0.1 mm:
 - Temperature 25 °C
 - Loading duration 5 s
 - Applied load 100 g
- ✓ Bath filled with distilled water with accuracy $\pm 0,15$ °C
- ✓ Transfer water dish > 350 ml

- ✓ Melt the samples according to EN 12594
- ✓ Fill the sample container up to the appropriate height + 10 mm than the expected pen



- ✓ For pen < 160 x 0.1 mm:
 - Depth (H_{bs}) & diameter of bituminous sample (D_{bs})
 - $35 \text{ mm} \leq H_{bs} \leq 60 \text{ mm}$
 - $55 \text{ mm} \leq D_{bs} \leq 70 \text{ mm}$

- ✓ Leave the sample to cool down at ambient temperature (15 – 30 °C)
- ✓ For depth of samples (H_{bs})
 - $H_{bs} < 45 \text{ mm}$: 60-90 min
 - $45 < H_{bs} < 60 \text{ mm}$: 90-120 min
- ✓ Place the samples in the bath for a similar period to that for cooling



- Clean the penetration needle with a suitable solvent i.e. toluene
- Insert the needle in the holder



- Place the transfer water dish together with the sample containers on the stand of the penetrometer



- Make sure the temperature remains at 25 °C until the measurements are completed.
- Start the testing 1 min after removing the transfer water dish from the bath



- Slowly lower the needle (or the automatic penetrometer does it for you) until the needle just makes contact with the sample surface
- Release the needle for 5 s
- Carry out at least 3 valid repetitions at points > 10 mm of the sides of the container and from each other

- Range of valid determinations:
 Max difference of highest-lowest determination :
- 2 for pen ≤ 49
 - 4 for $50 \leq \text{pen} \leq 149$
 - 6 for $150 \leq \text{pen} \leq 249$

